# Secure Programming Program Analysis and Testing

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## **Program Analysis**

**Definition:** The process of using automated tools to analyze the behavior of computer programs for particular properties

#### Areas where it's used:

#### Compiler development

Compilers have to analyze code, and turn it into executable binaries or bytecode

#### Verification

We may want to verify that a program is correct (implements its specification properly)

#### Security

We want to fnd code that can lead to vulnerabilities

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## **Program Analysis Approaches**

- Static analysis: performed without executing the program.
  - Uses the program's static artifacts (usually, source code, but sometimes binary executables)
  - We call it "reading the code", or "code review"
- Dynamic analysis: performed at runtime.
  - Actually runs the program (or part of it)
  - We call it "debugging" or "manually running tests"
- **Hybrid:** a mix of the previous two.

## **Benefits of Program Analysis**

- Catch bugs early
- Improve security
- Make code more reliable
- Help developers write better code

## **Static vs Dynamic Analysis**

Static Analysis	Dynamic Analysis
Doesn't run the code	Runs the code
Fast to use	Slower, but detailed
Finds syntax errors	Finds runtime issues
Example: Linter	Example: Unit tests

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## **Static Analysis Tools**

- **ESLint** (**JavaScript**) Style and error checking.
- Bandit (Python) Security-focused analysis.
- **Fortify** Enterprise-grade security tool.
- SonarQube Quality and security across languages.

## **Dynamic Analysis**

## **How it is work**

- Memory Interactions
  - Monitor memory allocation and data flow
- I/O Monitoring
  - Monitor system inputs and outputs during execution
- Runtime Error Detection
  - Detect runtime exceptions and crashes

## **Types of Testing**

## **Unit Testing**

 Testing individual components or functions of a program in isolation, done by developers.

#### **Integration Testing**

 Testing how multiple units/modules work together when combined, done by developers.

## **System Testing**

o Testing the entire system as a whole to verify it meets the specific requirements, done by testing team.

## **Acceptance Testing**

o Testing done to verify the system meets business needs and is ready to release, done by end users or clients.

## THANK YOU